



**CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

FOR THE YEARS ENDED APRIL 30, 2020 AND 2019

**TSXV: NGE
OTCQB: NVDEF**

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of Nevada Exploration Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Nevada Exploration Inc., (the "Company"), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at April 30, 2020 and 2019 and the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company as at April 30, 2020 and 2019, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 1 in the consolidated financial statements, which indicates that the Company incurred a net loss of \$5,135,420 during the year ended April 30, 2020 and that further funds will be required to fund activities for the upcoming year. As stated in Note 1, these events or conditions indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained Management's Discussion and Analysis prior to the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mark Jakovic.

RSM Canada LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants
Licensed Public Accountants
August 19, 2020
Toronto, Ontario

NEVADA EXPLORATION INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
AS AT

	April 30, 2020	April 30, 2019
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 49,174	\$ 1,841,216
Other receivables (Note 3)	109,163	25,423
Prepaid expenses (Note 4)	9,349	8,473
Short term investments (Note 5)	8,503	6,803
Total current assets	176,189	1,881,915
Non-current assets		
Equipment and intangible assets (Note 7)	174,006	209,239
Deposits and bonds (Note 9)	98,314	75,731
Total non-current assets	272,320	284,970
Total assets	\$ 448,509	\$ 2,166,885
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Notes 6 and 10)	\$ 315,929	\$ 115,940
Total liabilities	315,929	115,940
Equity		
Capital stock (Note 11)	29,626,721	27,306,958
Reserves (Note 11)	3,398,405	2,613,060
Deficit	(32,892,546)	(27,869,073)
Total equity	132,580	2,050,945
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 448,509	\$ 2,166,885

Nature of operations, continuance of operations and going concern (Note 1)

Commitments (Note 13)

Subsequent events (Note 17)

Approved and authorized on behalf of the Board on: August 19, 2020

"Wade Hodges" Director _____
"Dennis Higgs" Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NEVADA EXPLORATION INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Year ended April 30, 2020	Year ended April 30, 2019
EXPENSES		
Amortization (Note 7)	\$ 81,299	\$ 110,993
Equipment and vehicles	46,464	39,548
Exploration and evaluation expenditures (Note 8)	3,361,143	2,435,634
Filing fees	80,709	71,052
Foreign exchange	2,383	6,916
Interest and bank charges	4,818	4,210
Investor relations	213,490	227,194
Office expenses and other	127,685	122,305
Professional fees and consultants (Note 6)	251,114	140,732
Rent	166,466	131,434
Salaries (Note 6)	468,505	431,751
Share-based payments (Note 6 and 11)	286,494	523,159
Travel	51,395	73,353
Total operating expenses	(5,141,965)	(4,318,281)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)		
Net consulting income	-	8,990
Interest income	4,844	710
Impairment of software database (Note 7)	-	(27,114)
Unrealized gain on short term investments (Note 5)	1,701	1,701
Total other items	6,545	(15,713)
Net loss for the year	(5,135,420)	(4,333,994)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)		
Item that may be reclassified to profit or loss:		
Currency translation adjustment	10,504	23,753
Total comprehensive loss for the year	\$ (5,124,916)	\$ (4,310,241)
Basic and diluted loss per common share	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.06)
Weighted average number of common shares Outstanding	92,305,467	70,724,216

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NEVADA EXPLORATION INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Capital Stock		Reserves					Total Equity
	Shares (Note 11)	Amount (Note 11)	Options (Note 11)	Warrants (Note 11)	Currency Translation	Total Reserves	Deficit	
Balance, May 1, 2018	55,424,068	\$ 22,895,123	\$ 1,478,731	\$ 219,189	\$ (59,642)	\$ 1,638,278	\$ (23,903,708)	\$ 629,693
Private placements	26,384,645	4,789,977	-	-	-	-	-	4,789,977
Relative fair value of unit warrants issued	-	(953,990)	-	953,990	-	953,990	-	-
Finder's unit shares	842,846	162,471	-	-	-	-	-	162,471
Finder's unit warrants	-	(61,699)	-	61,699	-	61,699	-	-
Share issuance costs	-	(212,114)	-	-	-	-	-	(212,114)
Share-based payments	-	-	523,159	-	-	523,159	-	523,159
Warrants exercised	4,680,000	556,917	-	(88,917)	-	(88,917)	-	468,000
Options expired/forfeited	-	-	(368,629)	-	-	(368,629)	368,629	-
Warrants expired	-	130,273	-	(130,273)	-	(130,273)	-	-
Currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	23,753	23,753	-	23,753
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,333,994)	(4,333,994)
Balance, April 30, 2019	87,331,559	\$ 27,306,958	\$ 1,633,261	\$ 1,015,688	\$ (35,889)	\$ 2,613,060	\$ (27,869,073)	\$ 2,050,945
Balance, May 1, 2019	87,331,559	\$ 27,306,958	\$ 1,633,261	\$ 1,015,688	\$ (35,889)	\$ 2,613,060	\$ (27,869,073)	\$ 2,050,945
Private placements	14,095,707	2,960,000	-	-	-	-	-	2,960,000
Relative fair value of unit warrants issued	-	(583,803)	-	583,803	-	583,803	-	-
Finder's unit shares	417,550	87,815	-	-	-	-	-	87,815
Finder's unit warrants	-	(18,066)	-	18,066	-	18,066	-	-
Share issuance costs	-	(136,758)	-	-	-	-	-	(136,758)
Share-based payments	-	-	286,494	-	-	286,494	-	286,494
Warrants exercised	30,000	10,575	-	(1,575)	-	(1,575)	-	9,000
Options expired/forfeited	-	-	(111,947)	-	-	(111,947)	111,947	-
Currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	10,504	10,504	-	10,504
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,135,420)	(5,135,420)
Balance, April 30, 2020	101,874,816	\$ 29,626,721	\$ 1,807,808	\$ 1,615,982	\$ (25,385)	\$ 3,398,405	\$ (32,892,546)	\$ 132,580

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NEVADA EXPLORATION INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Year ended April 30, 2020	Year ended April 30, 2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net loss for the year	\$ (5,135,420)	\$ (4,333,994)
Items not affecting cash:		
Amortization	81,299	110,993
Impairment of software database	-	27,114
Share-based payments	286,494	523,159
Unrealized gain on short term investments	(1,700)	(1,701)
Changes in non-cash working capital items:		
Accounts receivable	(83,740)	(4,554)
Prepaid expenses	(876)	18,862
Deposits and bonds	(20,879)	55,049
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	199,989	37,230
Net cash used in operating activities	(4,674,833)	(3,567,842)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition of equipment and intangible assets	(39,721)	-
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(39,721)	-
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from private placement	2,960,000	4,789,977
Share issuance costs	(48,943)	(49,643)
Proceeds from warrants exercised	9,000	468,000
Repayment of finance lease obligations	-	(7,217)
Net cash provided by financing activities	2,920,057	5,201,117
Effect of foreign exchange	2,455	10,847
Change in cash and cash equivalents for the year	(1,792,042)	1,644,122
Cash and equivalents, beginning of year	1,841,216	197,094
Cash and equivalents, end of year	\$ 49,174	\$ 1,841,216
Cash and cash equivalents include the following:		
Cash	\$ 49,174	\$ 841,216
Guaranteed Investment Certificates	-	1,000,000
	\$ 49,174	\$ 1,841,216
Supplemental cash flow information		
Issuance of shares for settlement of finders' fees	\$ 87,815	\$ 162,471

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS, CONTINUANCE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Nevada Exploration Inc. (the “Company” or “NGE”) was incorporated on April 6, 2006 under the Canada Business Corporations Act and is in the business of acquiring and exploring mineral properties.

The Company is listed on the TSX Venture Exchange (“TSX-V”) under the trading symbol “NGE” and on the OTCQB marketplace under the trading symbol “NVDEF”. The Company’s head office is located at Suite 1400 - 885 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, BC V6C 3E8. The Company’s registered and records office is located at 25th Floor, 700 West Georgia St., Vancouver, BC V7Y 1B3.

These consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue on behalf of the Board of Directors on August 19, 2020.

Continuance of operations and going concern

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going-concern basis which presumes the realization of assets and discharge of liabilities in the normal course of business. These consolidated financial statements do not reflect the adjustments to carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and the reported expenses and statement of financial position classifications that would be necessary if the going concern assumption was deemed inappropriate. Such adjustments could be material. The business of mining and exploring for minerals involves a high degree of risk and there can be no assurance that current exploration programs will result in profitable mining operations. The Company’s continued existence is dependent upon the preservation of its interests in the underlying properties, the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the achievement of profitable operations, or the ability of the Company to raise additional financing, or alternatively upon the Company’s ability to dispose of its interests on an advantageous basis. The Company has not produced revenues from its exploration activities and does not have a regular source of cash flow, and incurred losses for the year of \$5,135,420 (2019 – \$4,333,994). The Company also has a working capital deficiency of \$139,740 at April 30, 2020 (April 30, 2019 - positive working capital of \$1,765,975). The Company will periodically have to raise funds to continue operations and, although it has been successful thus far in doing so there is no assurance it will be able to do so in the future. The Company estimates that it will need additional capital to operate for the upcoming year. These material uncertainties cast significant doubt on the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern. During the year ended April 30, 2020, the Company received gross proceeds of \$2,960,000 from the issuance of 14,095,707 common shares of the Company and \$9,000 from the exercise of warrants.

Since the beginning of the fourth fiscal quarter, the outbreak of the novel strain of coronavirus, specifically identified as “COVID19”, has resulted in governments worldwide enacting emergency measures to combat the spread of the virus. These measures have caused material disruption to businesses globally resulting in an economic slowdown. Global equity markets have experienced significant volatility and weakness. Governments and central banks have reacted with significant monetary and fiscal interventions designed to stabilize economic conditions. The duration and impact of the COVID19 outbreak is unknown at this time. It is not possible to reliably estimate the length and severity of these developments and the impact on the financial results and condition of the Company and its operating subsidiaries, or on its ability to raise capital to fund operations, in future periods.

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to the properties on which it is conducting exploration and in which it has an interest, in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the Company’s title. Property title may be subject to unregistered prior agreements, unregistered claims and noncompliance with regulatory and environmental requirements.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) and interpretations issued by the IFRS Interpretations Committee (“IFRIC”).

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Statement of compliance (cont'd...)

The significant accounting policies below have been applied consistently to all periods. These periods are based on IFRS effective as of April 30, 2020.

Basis of consolidation

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary Pediment Gold LLC. The financial statements of the Company's subsidiary have been consolidated from the date that control commenced. All inter-company balances and transactions, and income and expenses have been eliminated upon consolidation.

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Nevada Exploration Inc. and its subsidiary listed in the following table:

Name of Subsidiary	Country of Incorporation	Functional Currency	Ownership Interest	Principal Activity
Pediment Gold LLC	USA	US dollar	100%	Exploration company

Use of judgments and estimates

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the period.

Significant assumptions about the future and other sources of estimated uncertainty that management has made at the end of the reporting period, that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the event that the actual results differ from assumptions made, relate to, but are not limited to, the following:

- i) the estimated useful lives of equipment and intangible assets and the related amortization;
- ii) impairment of equipment;
- iii) valuation of share-based payments and warrants;
- iv) estimated amounts for environmental rehabilitation provisions; and
- v) going concern.

Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency. The functional currency of the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary Pediment Gold LLC is the US dollar.

Share issuance costs

Professional fees, consulting fees and other costs that are directly attributable to financing transactions are charged to capital stock when the related shares are issued. If the financing is not completed share issue costs are charged to profit or loss.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash held with banks and highly liquid short-term investments in high interest saving accounts which can be withdrawn at any time, which, in the opinion of management, is subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. As at April 30, 2020, the Company held cash and Guaranteed Investment Certificates (“GIC”).

Equipment and intangible assets

Equipment and intangible assets are recorded at historical cost less accumulated amortization and impairment charges. Equipment and intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Exploration equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5 years
Computer equipment	3 years
Software Database	3 years

The cost of replacing a piece of equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the equipment if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Company and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of the equipment are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Expenditures during the research phase are expensed as incurred. Expenditures during the development phase are capitalized if the Company can demonstrate each of the following criteria: (i) the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale; (ii) its intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it; (iii) its ability to use or sell the intangible asset; (iv) how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits; (v) the availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset; and (vi) its ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development; otherwise, they are expensed as incurred.

Following initial recognition of the development expenditure as an asset, the asset is carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Amortization of the asset begins when development is complete and the asset is available for use. It is amortized over the period of expected future benefit. During the period of development, the asset is tested for impairment annually.

Resource properties – exploration and evaluation expenditures

The Company expenses exploration and evaluation expenditures as incurred. Exploration and evaluation expenditures include acquisition cost of mineral properties, property option payments and evaluation activities. Once a project has been established as commercially viable and technically feasible, related development expenditures are capitalized. This includes costs incurred in preparing the site for mining operations. Capitalization ceases when the mine is capable of commercial production, with the exception of development costs that give rise to a future benefit.

Impairment

At the end of each reporting date, the carrying amounts of the Company’s long-lived assets are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets may be impaired. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment, if any.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

Impairment (cont'd...)

Impairment is determined for an individual asset unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are independent of those generated from other assets or group of assets, in which case, the individual assets are grouped together into cash generating units (“CGU’s”) for impairment purposes. The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount and the impairment loss is recognized in profit and loss for the period.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but to an amount that does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (or CGU) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Income taxes

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity. Current tax expense is the expected tax payable on taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at period end, adjusted for amendments to tax payable with regards to previous years.

Deferred taxes are recorded using the liability method, providing for temporary differences, between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Temporary differences are not provided for relating to goodwill not deductible for tax purposes, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that do not affect either accounting or taxable loss, or differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date.

A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilized. To the extent that the Company does not consider it probable that a deferred tax asset will be recovered, it does not recognize that excess.

Provision for environmental rehabilitation

The Company recognizes the fair value of a liability for the provision for environmental rehabilitation in the year in which it is incurred when a reliable estimate of fair value can be made.

Changes in the liability for an asset retirement obligation due to the passage of time will be measured by applying an interest method of allocation. The amount will be recognized as an increase in the liability and an accretion expense in the consolidated statement of comprehensive loss. Changes resulting from revisions to the timing or the amount of the original estimate of undiscounted cash flows are recognized as an increase or a decrease to the carrying amount of the liability. As at April 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company has not recorded any provision for environmental rehabilitation.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

Warrants

Proceeds from unit placements are allocated between shares and warrants issued according to their relative fair value. The relative fair value of the share component is credited to capital stock and the relative fair value of the warrant component is credited to warrants reserve. Upon exercise of warrants, consideration paid by the warrant holder together with the amount previously recognized in warrants reserve is recorded as an increase to capital stock. Upon expiration of warrants, the amount applicable to warrants expired is recorded as an increase to capital stock.

Share-based payments

The Company grants stock options to acquire common shares of the Company to directors, officers, employees and consultants. An individual is classified as an employee when the individual is an employee for legal or tax purposes, or provides services similar to those performed by an employee.

The fair value of employee stock options is measured on the date of grant, using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, and is recognized over the vesting period. In situations where equity instruments are issued to non-employees and some or all of the goods or services received by the entity as consideration cannot be reliably measured, they are measured at the fair value of the share-based payment consideration. Consideration paid for the shares on the exercise of stock options together with the fair value of the stock options previously recognized is credited to capital stock. When vested options are not exercised by the expiry date, the amount previously recognized in share-based payment is transferred to deficit. The Company estimates a forfeiture rate and adjusts the corresponding expense each period based on an updated forfeiture estimate.

Basic and diluted loss per common share

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the loss for the period by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted loss per share is determined by adjusting the loss attributable to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the dilutive effect of options, warrants and similar instruments. Under this method the dilutive effect on loss per share is recognized on the use of the proceeds that could be obtained upon exercise of options, warrants and similar instruments. It assumes that the proceeds would be used to purchase common shares at the average market price during the period. As at April 30, 2020 and 2019, all warrants and options outstanding are anti-dilutive.

Receivables

Receivables are recorded at face value less any provisions for uncollectible amounts considered necessary.

Revenue recognition

Consulting revenue is recognized at the time the service is provided and collection is reasonably assured. Interest income and costs are recognized as they accrue in the statement of operations, using the effective interest rate.

Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are initially recorded in the functional currency at the transaction date exchange rate. At period end, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in a foreign currency are translated into the functional currency at the closing date exchange rate, and non-monetary assets and liabilities, at the historical rates. Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at different rates from those at which they are translated on initial recognition during the period or in previous consolidated financial statements are recognized in profit or loss.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

Foreign currencies (Cont'd...)

For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of Pediment Gold LLC are expressed in Canadian dollars using the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuated significantly during the period, in which case exchange rates at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income and reported as currency translation reserve in equity.

Foreign exchange gains and losses arising from a monetary item receivable or payable to a foreign operation, the settlement of which is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future and which in substance is considered to form a part of the net investment in the foreign operation, are recognized in foreign currency translation in the currency translation reserve.

Financial instruments

The following table summarizes the Company's classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities:

Financial Assets:	Classification Under IFRS 9
Cash and cash equivalents	Amortized cost
Receivables (excluding GST receivable)	Amortized cost
Short-term investments	Fair value through profit or loss
Deposits and bonds	Amortized cost
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Amortized cost
Financial Liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Amortized cost
Finance lease obligations	Amortized cost

At initial recognition, the Company classifies its financial instruments in the following categories depending on the purpose for which the instruments were acquired:

Financial assets

Financial assets are classified as either financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, amortized cost, or fair value through other comprehensive income. The Company determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

- a) Fair value through profit or loss – financial assets are classified as fair value through profit or loss if they do not meet the criteria of amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income. Changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of income (loss).
- b) Amortized cost – financial assets are classified at amortized cost if both of the following criteria are met and the financial assets are not designated as at fair value through profit and loss: 1) the objective of the Company's business model for these financial assets is to collect their contractual cash flows; and 2) the asset's contractual cash flow represents solely payments of principal and interest.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

Financial instruments (cont'd...)

- c) Fair value through other comprehensive income – A financial asset is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial liabilities

The Company classifies all financial liabilities at amortized cost, except for financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or financial liabilities that have been designated fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition.

Initial recognition

A financial asset or financial liability classified as amortized cost is initially recognized by the Company at its fair value less transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance of the financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs on financial assets or liabilities designated as fair value through profit or loss are expensed.

Subsequent measurement

The Company will subsequently measure a financial instrument based on its classification. Financial assets and financial liabilities classified as subsequently measured at amortized cost will be measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount and, for financial assets, adjusted for any loss allowance. The amortization of the effective interest is recognized in profit or loss. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income will have subsequently measured changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income. Gains and losses of financial assets and financial liabilities classified as subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in net profit and loss.

Derecognition of financial instruments

A financial asset is derecognized when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial assets expire, or the Company has transferred its contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or assumes an obligation to pay the cash flows in full without material delay to a third party and has transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, or has neither transferred or retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

A financial liability is derecognized when it is extinguished, that is when the obligation is discharged, cancelled, or expires. A financial liability is extinguished when the debtor discharges the liability by paying in cash other financial assets, goods or services, or is legally released from the liability.

Impairment of a financial asset

The Company assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence of impairment of a financial asset or group of financial assets.

NEVADA EXPLORATION INC.
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
For the years ended April 30, 2020 and 2019

Provisions

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. Provisions are not recognized for future operating losses. As at April 30, 2020 and 2019, no provisions were recorded.

New Accounting Standards and Amendments to Existing Standards

New or revised standards and amendments to existing standards adopted during the period

Effective May 1, 2019, the Company adopted IFRS 16 - Leases. In January 2016, the IASB issued IFRS 16 which replaces IAS 17 – Leases and its associated interpretative guidance. IFRS 16 applies a control model to the identification of leases, distinguishing between a lease and a service contract on the basis of whether the customer controls the asset being leased. For those assets determined to meet the definition of a lease, IFRS 16 introduces significant changes to the accounting by lessees, introducing a single, on-balance sheet accounting model that is similar to current finance lease accounting, with limited exceptions for short-term leases, leases of low value assets, and mining leases. Lessor accounting remains similar to current accounting practice. The Company reviewed the impact of IFRS 16 and there were no changes as the Company does not have any applicable leases.

At this time, the Company’s leases are limited to short-term leases and mining leases. During the year ended April 30, 2020, the Company incurred \$118,865 relating to short-term office leases. See Note 13 for commitments related to office leases.

3. OTHER RECEIVABLES

The other receivables for the Company are as follows:

	April 30, 2020	April 30, 2019
GST receivable	\$ 14,467	\$ 19,446
Other receivables	94,696	5,977
Total	\$ 109,163	\$ 25,423

4. PREPAID EXPENSES

The prepaid expenses for the Company are as follows:

	April 30, 2020	April 30, 2019
Security deposit for rental of premises	\$ 8,182	\$ 7,895
Prepaid services	1,167	578
	<u>\$ 9,349</u>	<u>\$ 8,473</u>

NEVADA EXPLORATION INC.
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
For the years ended April 30, 2020 and 2019

5. SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS

			April 30, 2020	April 30, 2019
	Number	Cost	Carrying Value	Carrying Value
Spruce Ridge Resources Ltd. - Shares	170,068	\$ 25,000	\$ 8,503	\$ 6,803

During the year ended April 30, 2020, the Company revalued the shares based on the market price at April 30, 2020, resulting in an unrealized gain of \$1,701 (2019 – gain of \$1,701).

6. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended April 30, 2020, the Company:

- i) paid or accrued \$78,000 in consulting fees to a corporation of which the Chief Financial Officer is an employee.
- ii) paid or accrued \$120,000 in consulting fees to a company controlled by a director of the Company and to a consultant related to a director.
- iv) recorded share-based payments of \$189,295 related to the fair value of stock options vesting through the period to officers, directors, and a consultant related to a director.

During the year ended April 30, 2019, the Company:

- iii) paid \$16,850 in professional fees to a corporation owned by the former Chief Financial Officer of the Company.
- iv) paid or accrued \$35,806 in consulting fees to a corporation of which the Chief Financial Officer is an employee.
- v) paid or accrued \$30,000 in consulting fees to a company controlled by a director of the Company and to a consultant related to a director.
- iv) recorded share-based payments of \$404,326 related to the fair value of stock options vesting through the period to officers, directors, and a consultant related to a director.

The amounts included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities which are due to related parties are as follows:

	April 30, 2020	April 30, 2019
Due to corporation of which the Chief Financial Officer is an employee	\$ 6,825	\$ 5,250
Due to key management	17,861	9,450
Due to officers, companies controlled by directors and a consultant related to a director	27,650	31,500
	<u>\$ 52,336</u>	<u>\$ 46,200</u>

NEVADA EXPLORATION INC.
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
For the years ended April 30, 2020 and 2019

6. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (cont'd...)

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company, directly or indirectly. Key management personnel include the Company's President, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Operating Officer. Salaries and share-based payments to key management is as follows:

	Year Ended April 30, 2020	Year Ended April 30, 2019
Salaries	\$ 401,991	\$ 379,735
Share-based payments	95,351	208,198
	<u>\$ 497,342</u>	<u>\$ 587,933</u>

7. EQUIPMENT AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Vehicles	Exploration Equipment	Computer Equipment	Software Database	Total
Cost					
Balance – April 30, 2018	\$ 64,488	\$ 567,323	\$ 14,546	\$ 104,447	\$ 750,804
Disposals	-	(198,481)	-	-	(198,481)
Impairment	-	-	-	(108,454)	(108,454)
Effect of translation	1,602	24,769	679	4,007	31,057
Balance – April 30, 2019	\$ 66,090	\$ 393,611	\$ 15,225	\$ -	\$ 474,926
Additions	39,721	-	-	-	39,721
Effect of translation	5,887	14,282	(313)	-	19,856
Balance – April 30, 2020	\$ 111,698	\$ 407,893	\$ 14,912	\$ -	\$ 534,503
Accumulated amortization					
Balance – April 30, 2018	\$ 58,743	\$ 292,387	\$ 13,215	\$ 52,223	\$ 416,568
Disposals	-	(198,481)	-	-	(198,481)
Impairment	-	-	-	(81,340)	(81,340)
Amortization	5,844	77,262	1,162	26,725	110,993
Effect of translation	1,503	13,414	638	2,392	17,947
Balance – April 30, 2019	\$ 66,090	\$ 184,582	\$ 15,015	\$ -	\$ 265,687
Amortization	2,725	78,367	207	-	81,299
Effect of translation	3,911	9,910	(310)	-	13,511
Balance – April 30, 2020	\$ 72,726	\$ 272,859	\$ 14,912	\$ -	\$ 360,497
Carrying amounts					
As at April 30, 2019	\$ -	\$ 209,029	\$ 210	\$ -	\$ 209,239
As at April 30, 2020	\$ 38,972	\$ 135,034	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 174,006

During the year ended April 30, 2019, the Company recorded an impairment charge on a software database that was no longer in use, which had a carrying amount of \$27,114.

NEVADA EXPLORATION INC.
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
For the years ended April 30, 2020 and 2019

8. RESOURCE PROPERTIES

Resource properties expenditures for the year ended April 30,	2020	2019
South Grass Valley	\$ 3,102,783	\$ 2,109,448
Grass Valley	100,951	93,664
Kelly Creek	155,970	231,187
Other	1,439	1,335
	<u>\$ 3,361,143</u>	<u>\$ 2,435,634</u>

South Grass Valley (SGV)

As at April 30, 2020, the Company's South Grass Valley Project consists of unpatented mining claims held directly by the Company.

Grass Valley Project (GV)

As at April 30, 2020, the Company's Grass Valley Project consists of unpatented mining claims held directly by the Company.

Kelly Creek (KC)

The Company has combined its former Hot Pot Project into its Kelly Creek Project, the combination of which is now together referred to as the Kelly Creek Project.

As of April 30, 2020 the Company's Kelly Creek Project consists of:

- unpatented mining claims held directly by the Company;
- unpatented mining claims leased by the Company from Genesis Gold Corporation (Genesis") through a Mining Lease and Option to Purchase Agreement (the "Genesis Agreement); and
- private land leased by the Company under a Mining Lease Agreement (the "Hot Pot Lease").

The Company entered into the Genesis Agreement on October 1, 2009 and as amended on December 29, 2014, August 25, 2015 and July 25, 2019, to acquire a 100% interest in the Genesis's Hot Pot claims. Under the Genesis Agreement, the Company is the Operator and has the option to purchase 100% of the Genesis claims for 100,000 common shares (issued) and USD\$1,500,000, subject to a 1.5% Net Smelter Return Royalty ("Royalty"), and the following advance royalty payments which have been paid on time:

1 st anniversary (October 1, 2010)	\$ 5,000 USD	(paid)
2 nd anniversary (October 1, 2011)	10,000 USD	(paid)
3 rd anniversary (October 1, 2012)	10,000 USD	(paid)
4 th anniversary (October 1, 2013)	10,000 USD	(paid)
5 th to 8 th anniversary (October 1, 2014 to October 1, 2017)	10,000 USD	i) & ii)
9 th anniversary (October 1, 2018)	50,000 USD	(paid)
10 th anniversary (October 1, 2019)	Nil	iii)
11 th to 13 th anniversaries (October 1, 2020 – October 1, 2022)	20,000 USD	iii)
14 th and subsequent anniversaries (October 1, 2023)	50,000 USD	

- During the year ended April 30, 2015, the Company issued 80,000 Common shares, plus agreed to pay \$10,000 USD to satisfy the October 1, 2014 payment (paid).
- On August 25, 2015, the Company and Genesis agreed to amend the terms of the Genesis Agreement to reduce the annual payments due on October 1, 2015 (paid); October 1, 2016 (paid); and October 1, 2017 (paid), from \$50,000 USD to \$10,000 USD, subject to each party's rights under the Genesis Agreement.

NEVADA EXPLORATION INC.
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
For the years ended April 30, 2020 and 2019

8. RESOURCE PROPERTIES (cont'd...)

Kelly Creek (KC) (cont'd...)

- iii) On July 25, 2019, the Company and Genesis agreed to amend the terms of the Genesis Agreement to reduce the annual payment due on October 1, 2019 from \$50,000 USD to \$Nil. Additionally, the annual payments due October 1, 2020 to October 1, 2022 have been reduced from \$50,000 USD to \$20,000 USD, whereby the Company may elect to deliver up to half of this payment in common shares of the Company.

The Company entered into the Hot Pot Lease on September 16, 2004, for an initial term of 10 years, as amended on September 2, 2011, February 25, 2016 and February 16, 2017. Any mineral production on the project is subject to a 3% Net Smelter Return Royalty (the "NSR") to the property owner, subject to the Company's right to reduce the Royalty from 3% to 2% for \$2,000,000 USD. Under the February 25, 2016, amendment, the term of the Hot Pot Lease was extended to 20 years, until September 16, 2024. Under the February 16, 2017, amendment, additional lands were added to the Hot Pot Lease, subject to the following payments:

Amendment Date (February 16, 2017)	\$	5,000 USD	(paid)
September 16, 2017	\$	25,000 USD	(paid)
October 8, 2018	\$	30,000 USD	(paid)
September 16, 2019	\$	30,000 USD	(paid)
Subsequent Anniversaries	\$	30,000 USD	

Subsequent to year end, the Company entered into an Exploration and Option to Enter Joint Venture Agreement with Austin Gold Corp. for an earn in and joint venture agreement on the Kelly Creek Project. See Note 17.

The majority of the Company's mineral interests at Kelly Creek are subject to a 1.25% NSR to Royal Gold, Inc.

9. DEPOSITS AND BONDS

	April 30, 2020	April 30, 2019
Security deposits ⁽¹⁾	\$ 28,750	\$ 28,750
Reclamation bond deposits ⁽²⁾	69,564	46,981
	<u>\$ 98,314</u>	<u>\$ 75,731</u>

⁽¹⁾ Security deposits consisted of \$28,750 guaranteed investment certificate ("GIC") and bearing interest at prime less 2% to a minimum of 0%. The GIC was used to secure the credit limit on a credit card.

⁽²⁾ Reclamation bond deposits are required by the U.S. Bureau of Land Management ("BLM") to ensure that any reclamation and clean-up work required on the Company's properties will be completed to the satisfaction of the BLM.

NEVADA EXPLORATION INC.
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
For the years ended April 30, 2020 and 2019

10. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities for the Company are as follows:

	April 30, 2020	April 30, 2019
Trade payables	\$ 238,593	\$ 44,740
Due to related parties (Note 6)	52,336	46,200
Accrued liabilities	25,000	25,000
Total	\$ 315,929	\$ 115,940

11. CAPITAL STOCK

a) Authorized share capital:

As at April 30, 2020, the authorized share capital of the Company was:
Unlimited number of common shares without par value;
Unlimited number of preferred shares without par value; and
All issued shares are fully paid

b) Issued share capital:

During the year ended April 30, 2020, the Company:

- Issued 30,000 common shares as a result of warrants exercised for gross proceeds of \$9,000.
- Completed a private placement on February 26, 2020 of 4,931,819 units at a price of \$0.22 per unit, for total gross proceeds of \$1,085,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one-half common share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the holder to acquire an additional common share of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.40 per common share for 24 months. If the closing price of the common shares of the Company quoted on the TSX Venture Exchange is greater than \$0.70 for 10 consecutive trading days, the Company may accelerate the expiry date of the Warrants to the 30th day after the date on which the Company gives notice to the Warrant holders of such acceleration. All securities are subject to a four month plus one day hold period expiring June 27, 2020.
- In connection with the offering, the Company paid finders' fees totalling 108,500 Units, \$17,934 in cash, and 40,758 finder's warrants with the same terms as the warrants described above. The finder's units granted were estimated to have a fair value of \$23,870. The finder's warrants granted were estimated to have a fair value of \$5,000. The 40,758 finder's warrants separately issued were estimated to have a fair value of \$6,370. All finder's fees were accounted for as share issuance costs.
- Completed a private placement on January 2, 2020 of 1,850,000 units at a price of \$0.20 per unit, for total gross proceeds of \$370,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one-half share purchase warrant entitling the holder to purchase one additional common share for a period of 30 months at a price of \$0.50 per share. If the closing price of the common shares of the Company quoted on the TSX Venture Exchange is greater than \$0.90 for 10 consecutive trading days, the Company may accelerate the expiry date of the warrants to the 30th day after the date on which the Company gives notice to the warrant holder of such acceleration. All securities issued are subject to a four month plus one day hold period expiring May 3, 2020.
- In connection with the private placement closed on January 2, 2020, the Company paid finders fees totalling 7,000 units on the same terms as the units described above. The finder's units granted were estimated to have a fair value of \$1,400. The finder's warrants granted were estimated to have a fair value of \$287 and were accounted for as a share issuance cost.

11. CAPITAL STOCK (cont'd...)

b) Issued share capital (cont'd...)

- Completed a private placement on December 5, 2019 of 5,625,000 units at a price of \$0.20 per unit, for total gross proceeds of \$1,125,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one-half share purchase warrant entitling the holder to purchase one additional common share for a period of 30 months at a price of \$0.50 per share. If the closing price of the common shares of the Company quoted on the TSX Venture Exchange is greater than \$0.90 for 10 consecutive trading days, the Company may accelerate the expiry date of the warrants to the 30th day after the date on which the Company gives notice to the warrant holder of such acceleration. All securities issued are subject to a four month plus one day hold period expiring April 6, 2020.
- In connection with the private placement closed on December 5, 2019, the Company paid finders fees totalling 216,650 units on the same terms as the units described above. The finder's units granted were estimated to have a fair value of \$43,300. The finder's warrants granted were estimated to have a fair value of \$8,124 and were accounted for as a share issuance cost.
- Completed a private placement on September 12, 2019 of 1,688,888 units at a price of \$0.225 per unit for gross proceeds of \$380,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one-half share purchase warrant entitling the holder to purchase one additional common share for a period of 30 months at a price of \$0.50 per share. If the closing price of the common shares of the Company quoted on the TSX Venture Exchange is greater than \$0.90 for 10 consecutive trading days, the Company may accelerate the expiry date of the warrants to the 30th day after the date on which the Company gives notice to the warrant holder of such acceleration. All securities issued are subject to a four month plus one day hold period expiring January 13, 2020.
- The Company paid finders fees totalling 85,400 units on the same terms as the units described above. The finder's units granted were estimated to have a fair value of \$19,215. The finder's warrants granted were estimated to have a fair value of \$3,285 and were accounted for as a share issuance cost.

During the year ended April 30, 2019, the Company:

- Issued 4,680,000 common shares as a result of warrants exercised for gross proceeds of \$468,000.
- Completed the first tranche of a private placement on August 29, 2018 of 10,372,000 units at a price of \$0.125 per unit for gross proceeds of \$1,296,500. Each unit consists of one common share and one-half non-transferrable share purchase warrant, with each whole warrant entitling the holder to purchase one additional common share for a period of 30 months at a price of \$0.30 per share. The value allocated in connection to these warrants was \$268,930. If the closing price of the common shares of the Company quoted on the TSX Venture Exchange is greater than \$0.50 for 10 consecutive trading days, the Company may accelerate the expiry date of the warrants to the 30th day after the date on which the Company gives notice to the warrant holder of such acceleration. All securities issued are subject to a four month plus one day hold period expiring December 30, 2018.
- In connection with the first tranche completed August 29, 2018, the Company paid finders fees totalling 158,900 units on the same terms as the units described above. The finder's units granted were estimated to have a fair value of \$19,863. The finder's warrants granted were estimated to have a fair value of \$10,396 and were accounted for as a share issuance cost.

11. CAPITAL STOCK (cont'd...)

b) Issued share capital (cont'd...)

- Completed the second and final tranche of a private placement on September 7, 2018 of 5,628,000 units at a price of \$0.125 per unit for gross proceeds of \$703,500. Each unit consists of one common share and one-half non-transferrable share purchase warrant, with each whole warrant entitling the holder to purchase one additional common share for a period of 30 months at a price of \$0.30 per share. The value allocated in connection to these warrants was \$155,110. If the closing price of the common shares of the Company quoted on the TSX Venture Exchange is greater than \$0.50 for 10 consecutive trading days, the Company may accelerate the expiry date of the warrants to the 30th day after the date on which the Company gives notice to the warrant holder of such acceleration. All securities issued as part of the second tranche are subject to a four month plus one day hold period expiring January 8, 2019.
- In connection with the second tranche completed September 7, 2018, the Company paid finders fees totalling 291,200 units on the same terms as the units described above. The finder's units granted were estimated to have a fair value of \$36,400. The finder's warrants granted were estimated to have a fair value of \$24,709 and were accounted for as a share issuance cost. The Company also paid \$23,296 as a share issuance cost relating to both the first and second tranches.
- Completed a private placement on January 14, 2019 of 2,632,000 units at a price of \$0.25 per unit for gross proceeds of \$658,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one-half non-transferrable share purchase warrant, with each whole warrant entitling the holder to purchase one additional common share for a period of 30 months at a price of \$0.45 per share. The value allocated in connection to these warrants was \$126,450. If the closing price of the common shares of the Company quoted on the TSX Venture Exchange is greater than \$0.80 for 10 consecutive trading days, the Company may accelerate the expiry date of the warrants to the 30th day after the date on which the Company gives notice to the warrant holder of such acceleration. All securities issued are subject to a four month plus one day hold period expiring May 15, 2019.
- In connection with the private placement completed January 14, 2019, the Company paid finders fees totalling 71,890 units on the same terms as the units described above. The finder's units granted were estimated to have a fair value of \$17,973. The finder's warrants granted were estimated to have a fair value of \$4,874 and were accounted for as a share issuance cost. The Company also paid \$8,284 as a share issuance cost.
- Completed a private placement on April 10, 2019 of 7,752,645 units at a price of \$0.275 per unit for gross proceeds of \$2,131,977. Each unit consists of one common share and one-half non-transferrable share purchase warrant, with each whole warrant entitling the holder to purchase one additional common share for a period of 30 months at a price of \$0.50 per share. The value allocated in connection to these warrants was \$403,500. If the closing price of the common shares of the Company quoted on the TSX Venture Exchange is greater than \$0.90 for 10 consecutive trading days, the Company may accelerate the expiry date of the warrants to the 30th day after the date on which the Company gives notice to the warrant holder of such acceleration. All securities issued are subject to a four month plus one day hold period expiring August 11, 2019.
- In connection with the private placement completed April 10, 2019, the Company paid finders fees totalling 320,856 units on the same terms as the units described above. The finder's units granted were estimated to have a fair value of \$88,235. The finder's warrants granted were estimated to have a fair value of \$21,720 and were accounted for as a share issuance cost. The Company also paid \$18,064 as a share issuance cost.

11. CAPITAL STOCK (cont'd...)

c) Options

The Company has a stock option plan under which it is authorized to grant options to executive officers and directors, employees and consultants enabling them to acquire up to 10% of the issued and outstanding common stock of the Company. Under the plan, the exercise price of each option equals the market price, minimum price or a discounted price of the Company's stock as calculated on the date of grant. The options can be granted for a maximum term of ten years.

In the absence of a reliable measurement of the services received from the consultants, the following stock option grants have been measured at the fair value of the stock options granted.

On May 30, 2019, the Company granted 150,000 stock options to consultants of the Company. The options are exercisable at \$0.23 per share for a period of ten years from the date of grant, expiring May 30, 2029. The options are valued at \$32,950 and the vested value recorded during the year ended April 30, 2020 is \$16,042.

On November 1, 2019, the Company granted 300,000 stock options to consultants of the Company. The options are exercisable at \$0.18 per share for a period of ten years from the date of grant, expiring October 31, 2029. The options are valued at \$53,443 and the vested value recorded during the year ended April 30, 2020 is \$35,260.

During the year ended April 30, 2019, the Company granted the following share purchase options:

On July 4, 2018, the Company granted 300,000 stock options to a consultant of the Company. The options are exercisable at \$0.15 per share for a period of ten years from the date of grant. These options vested upon grant. The total value recorded for these options is \$44,900.

On October 1, 2018, the Company granted 2,555,000 stock options to certain directors, officers, employees, and consultants of the Company. The options have an exercise price of \$0.26 per share for a period of ten years from the date of grant. One third of the options vest upon grant, one third after one year, and one third two years after the grant date. The options are valued at \$600,109, and the vested value recorded during the year ended April 30, 2020 is \$183,175.

On October 26, 2018, the Company granted 150,000 stock options to a corporation of which the Chief Financial Officer is an employee. The options have an exercise price of \$0.35 per share for a period of ten years from the date of grant. One third of the options vest immediately, one third after one year, and one third two years after the grant date. The options are valued at \$51,406, and the vested value recorded during the year ended April 30, 2020 is \$16,874.

On February 21, 2019, the Company granted 250,000 options to a consultant of the Company. The options have an exercise price of \$0.30 per share for a period of ten years from the grant date. One third of the options vest upon grant, one third after six months, and one third one year after the grant date. The options are valued at \$73,551, and the vested value recorded during the year ended April 30, 2020 is \$35,142.

NEVADA EXPLORATION INC.
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
For the years ended April 30, 2020 and 2019

11. CAPITAL STOCK (cont'd...)

c) Options (cont'd...)

A continuity of share purchase options for the year April 30, 2020 is as follows:

Expiry date	Exercise price	April 30, 2019	Granted	Expired/ Forfeited	April 30, 2020	Exercisable
October 19, 2020	0.185	1,625,000	-	-	1,625,000	1,625,000
December 31, 2020	0.315	125,000	-	-	125,000	125,000
August 3, 2026	0.47	1,720,000	-	(250,000)	1,470,000	1,470,000
November 27, 2027	0.40	350,000	-	-	350,000	350,000
July 4, 2028	0.15	300,000	-	-	300,000	300,000
October 1, 2028	0.26	2,555,000	-	-	2,555,000	1,703,333
October 26, 2028	0.35	150,000	-	-	150,000	100,000
February 21, 2029	0.30	250,000	-	-	250,000	166,667
May 30, 2029	0.23	-	150,000	(66,667)	83,333	50,000
October 31, 2029	0.18	-	300,000	(50,000)	250,000	150,000
Total		7,075,000	450,000	(366,667)	7,158,333	6,040,000
Weighted average exercise price		\$ 0.30	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.30

A continuity of share purchase options for the year April 30, 2019 is as follows:

Expiry date	Exercise price	April 30, 2018	Granted	Expired/ Forfeited	April 30, 2019	Exercisable
March 2, 2019	1.00	280,000	-	(280,000)	-	-
October 19, 2020	0.185	1,625,000	-	-	1,625,000	1,625,000
December 31, 2020	0.315	125,000	-	-	125,000	125,000
April 20, 2021	0.37	100,000	-	(100,000)	-	-
August 3, 2026	0.47	2,120,000	-	(400,000)	1,720,000	1,720,000
November 27, 2027	0.40	350,000	-	-	350,000	233,334
July 4, 2028	0.15	-	300,000	-	300,000	300,000
October 1, 2028	0.26	-	2,555,000	-	2,555,000	851,667
October 26, 2028	0.35	-	150,000	-	150,000	50,000
February 21, 2029	0.30	-	250,000	-	250,000	83,333
Total		4,600,000	3,255,000	(780,000)	7,075,000	4,988,334
Weighted average exercise price		\$ 0.39	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.65	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.31

The following weighted average inputs and assumptions were used for the Black-Scholes valuation of the options granted.

	April 30, 2020	April 30, 2019
Share price	\$0.20	\$0.24
Risk-free interest rate	1.47%	2.41%
Expected life of options	9.33 years	9.13 years
Annualized volatility based on historical volatility	147.17%	157.79%
Forfeiture rate	0.00%	0.00%
Dividend rate	0.00%	0.00%
Fair value per options	\$0.19	\$0.24

NEVADA EXPLORATION INC.
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
For the years ended April 30, 2020 and 2019

11. CAPITAL STOCK (cont'd...)

d) Warrants

During the period ended April 30, 2020, the Company had 30,000 common share purchase warrants exercised and issued a total of 7,297,386 common share purchase warrants in connection to private placements and associated finders fee units.

During the year ended April 30, 2019, the Company had a total of 4,680,000 common share purchase warrants exercised, 6,143,633 expired, and issued a total of 13,613,745 common share purchase warrants in connection to private placements and associated finders fee units.

A continuity of share purchase warrants for the year ended April 30, 2020 is as follows:

Expiry date	Exercise Price	April 30, 2019	Issued	Exercised	Expired/ Forfeited	April 30, 2020	Exercisable
February 28, 2021	\$ 0.30	5,265,450	-	(30,000)	-	5,235,450	5,235,450
March 7, 2021	0.30	2,959,600	-	-	-	2,959,600	2,959,600
July 14, 2021	0.45	1,351,945	-	-	-	1,351,945	1,351,945
October 10, 2021	0.50	4,036,750	-	-	-	4,036,750	4,036,750
March 11, 2022	0.50	-	887,144 ^a	-	-	887,144	887,144
June 4, 2022	0.50	-	2,920,825 ^a	-	-	2,920,825	2,920,825
July 1, 2022	0.50	-	928,500 ^a	-	-	928,500	928,500
Feb 25, 2022	0.40	-	2,560,917 ^a	-	-	2,560,917	2,560,917
Total		13,613,745	7,297,386	(30,000)	-	20,881,131	20,881,131
Weighted average exercise price		\$ 0.37	\$ 0.46	\$ 0.30	\$ -	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.41

- a) Warrants granted are subject to the acceleration features discussed in Note 11(a).
b) The weighted average share price on the date of exercise was \$0.34.

A continuity of share purchase warrants for the year ended April 30, 2019 is as follows:

Expiry date	Exercise Price	April 30, 2018	Issued	Exercised	Expired/ Forfeited	April 30, 2019	Exercisable
August 28, 2018	\$ 0.10	5,209,150	-	(4,220,000)	(989,150)	-	-
September 23, 2018	0.10	700,000	-	(460,000)	(240,000)	-	-
November 27, 2018	0.65	2,921,250	-	-	(2,921,250)	-	-
February 17, 2019	0.60	1,993,233	-	-	(1,993,233)	-	-
February 28, 2021	0.30	-	5,265,450 ^a	-	-	5,265,450	5,265,450
March 7, 2021	0.30	-	2,959,600 ^a	-	-	2,959,600	2,959,600
July 14, 2021	0.45	-	1,351,945 ^a	-	-	1,351,945	1,351,945
October 10, 2021	0.50	-	4,036,750 ^a	-	-	4,036,750	4,036,750
Total		10,823,633	13,613,745	(4,680,000)	(6,143,633)	13,613,745	13,613,745
Weighted average exercise price		\$ 0.34	\$ 0.37	\$ 0.10^b	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.37	\$ 0.37

- a) Warrants granted are subject to the acceleration features discussed in Note 11(a).
b) The weighted average share price on the date of exercise was \$0.24.

NEVADA EXPLORATION INC.
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
For the years ended April 30, 2020 and 2019

11. CAPITAL STOCK (cont'd...)

d) Warrants (cont'd...)

The following weighted average inputs and assumptions were used for the Black-Scholes valuation of the warrants granted.

	April 30, 2020	April 30, 2019
Share price	\$0.28	\$0.28
Risk-free interest rate	1.54%	1.95%
Expected life of warrants	2.34 years	2.5 years
Annualized volatility based on historical volatility	108.88%	97.97%
Dividend rate	0.00%	0.00%
Fair value per warrant	\$0.14	\$0.14

12. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company operates in one industry segment, being the acquisition, exploration, and development of resource properties. Geographic information is as follows:

	April 30, 2020	April 30, 2019
Current assets:		
United States	\$ 105,265	\$ 110,925
Canada	70,924	1,770,990
	<u>\$ 176,189</u>	<u>\$ 1,881,915</u>
Non-current assets:		
United States		
Equipment and intangible assets	\$ 174,006	\$ 209,239
Deposits and bonds	69,564	46,981
Canada		
Deposits and bonds	28,750	28,750
	<u>\$ 272,320</u>	<u>\$ 284,970</u>
	Year Ended April 30, 2020	Year Ended April 30, 2019
Income:		
United States		
Net consulting income	\$ -	\$ 8,990
Expenses:		
United States		
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	3,361,143	2,435,634
Other expenses	680,248	717,406
Canada		
Other expenses	1,094,029	1,189,944
Net loss	<u>\$ (5,135,420)</u>	<u>\$ (4,333,994)</u>

13. COMMITMENTS

As April 30, 2020, the Company has total office lease commitments of \$47,187 as follows:

- a) Total office lease payments of \$26,273 ending December 31, 2020.
- b) Total office lease payments of \$20,914 ending February 28, 2021.

14. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Fair value

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

Short term investments are measured at level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of short term investments is measured at the market price of the common shares held at the measurement date. The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, other receivables, deposits and bonds, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair value because of the short-term nature of these instruments.

The fair value of long-term deposits and bonds is measured at amortized cost and the carrying value approximates its fair value.

Financial risk factors

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with a counterparty's inability to fulfill its payment obligations. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash and cash equivalents and deposits and bonds. Management believes that the credit risk concentration with respect to cash and cash equivalents, deposits and bonds is remote as it maintains accounts with highly-rated financial institutions.

Accounts receivable as of April 30, 2020 of \$109,163 (2019 - \$25,423) are in good standing. Management believes that the credit risk concentration with respect to financial instruments included in accounts receivable is minimal.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company manages liquidity risk through the management of its capital structure and financial leverage. It also manages liquidity risk by continuously monitoring actual and projected cash flows. The Board of Directors reviews and approves the Company's operating and capital budgets, as well as any material transactions out of the normal course of business.

As at April 30, 2020, the Company had a cash and cash equivalent balance of \$49,174 (2019 - \$1,841,216) to settle current liabilities of \$315,929 (2019 - \$115,940). As disclosed in Note 1, the Company will need to raise additional funds to meet its obligations as they come due. The Company believes that there is minimal liquidity risk as at April 30, 2020 and 2019 based on funds received subsequent to year end. See Note 17.

14. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd...)

Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices.

(a) Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk to the extent that the cash and cash equivalents maintained at the financial institutions is subject to floating rate of interest. The interest rate risks on cash and cash equivalents, deposits and bonds are not considered significant.

(b) Foreign currency risk

The Company is exposed to financial risk arising from fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and the degree of volatility of these rates. A significant portion of the Company's expenses is denominated in US dollars. Consequently, certain assets, liabilities and operating expenses are exposed to currency fluctuations. The Company does not use derivative instruments to reduce its exposure to foreign currency risk. Net assets denominated in foreign currency and the Canadian dollar equivalents as at April 30, 2020 are as follows:

	USD	CDN
Current assets	\$ 7,599	\$ 10,570
Non-current assets	175,104	243,570
Current liabilities	(148,770)	(206,939)
	<u>\$ 33,933</u>	<u>\$ 47,201</u>

Based on the above net exposures as at April 30, 2020, and assuming all other variables remain constant, a 10% change in the value of the US dollar against the Canadian dollar would result in an increase/decrease of \$3,393 in comprehensive loss.

15. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

In order to maintain its capital structure, the Company is dependent on equity funding and when necessary, raises capital through the issuance of equity instruments, primarily comprised of common shares and share purchase warrants. In the management of capital, the Company includes the components of equity.

The Company prepares annual estimates of exploration expenditures and monitors actual expenditures compared to the estimates to ensure that there is sufficient capital on hand to meet ongoing obligations. The Company's investment policy is to invest any excess cash in highly liquid short-term deposits with terms of one year or less and which can be liquidated after thirty days without interest penalty. The Company currently has insufficient capital to fund its exploration programs and is reliant on completing equity financings to fund further exploration (Note 1). The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year ended April 30, 2020.

NEVADA EXPLORATION INC.
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
For the years ended April 30, 2020 and 2019

16. INCOME TAXES

A reconciliation of income taxes at statutory rates with the reported taxes is as follows:

	2020	2019
Loss before income taxes	\$ (5,135,420)	\$ (4,333,994)
Expected income tax recovery at average statutory rate of 27.00% for 2020 (2019 – 27.00%)	\$ (1,386,564)	\$ (1,170,178)
Share-based payment and other non-deductible expenses	79,029	143,575
Share issuance cost incurred	(43,152)	(73,930)
Difference in statutory rates and other	317,767	242,922
Effect of foreign exchange differences	(252,080)	(142,389)
Tax benefits not recognized	<u>1,285,000</u>	<u>1,000,000</u>
Total income taxes	\$ -	\$ -

The deferred income tax balance is comprised of the following temporary differences:

	2020	2019
Deferred tax assets:		
Non-capital loss carry-forwards	\$ 4,309,000	\$ 3,810,000
Share issue costs and other	103,000	98,000
Resource properties	2,607,000	1,826,000
Deferred tax assets not recognized	<u>(7,019,000)</u>	<u>(5,734,000)</u>
Net deferred tax assets	\$ -	\$ -

The Company has available for deduction against future taxable income non-capital losses of approximately \$7,795,000 and US net operating losses of approximately \$10,497,000 (expressed in Canadian dollars) expiring as follows:

	CDN	US
2025	\$ 2,000	\$ -
2026	203,000	-
2027	858,000	-
2028	569,000	-
2029	549,000	-
2030	81,000	-
2031	357,000	761,000
2032	591,000	394,000
2033	391,000	506,000
2034	331,000	4,022,000
2035	224,000	1,983,000
2036	658,000	1,000
2037	472,000	650,000
2038	770,000	779,000
2039	777,000	802,000
2040	<u>962,000</u>	<u>599,000</u>
	\$ 7,795,000	\$ 10,497,000

16. INCOME TAXES (cont'd...)

Deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of these items because it is not probable that future taxable income will be available against which the Company can utilize the benefits.

17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 8, 2020, the Company entered into an Exploration and Option to Enter Joint Venture Agreement (the "Agreement") with Austin Gold Corp. ("Austin Gold"), for an earn in and joint venture agreement on its district-scale Kelly Creek Project (the "Project") within the Kelly Creek Basin in north-central Nevada. Under the Agreement, Austin has the right to earn a 51% interest in the joint venture by spending \$5,000,000 over four years, of which \$1,000,000 is a firm commitment, with the election to then earn an additional 19% by delivering a prefeasibility study.

Under the Agreement, to earn a 51% joint venture interest in the Project, Austin Gold must spend \$5,000,000 in exploration expenditures, as follows (the "Earn In"):

- \$1,000,000 in aggregate within first 15 months, which represents a firm commitment,
- \$2,000,000 in aggregate before second anniversary,
- \$3,500,000 in aggregate before third anniversary, and
- \$5,000,000 in aggregate before fourth anniversary.

During the Earn In, Austin Gold will be the operator of the Project. Upon completing the Earn In, Austin Gold has a one-time option to elect to earn an additional 19% interest in the joint venture, for a total of 70% (the "Additional Option"), by spending \$1,500,000 per year during the first three years of the Additional Option, and by delivering a prefeasibility study prior to June 1, 2028. At the Company's election, which must be made within 120 days of the approval by the joint venture of a feasibility study, Austin Gold will be obligated to provide the Company's portion of any debt financing or arrange for third party financing of the Company's portion of any debt financing required to construct a mine on the Project described in the feasibility study in consideration for the transfer by the Company to Austin Gold of a 5% interest in the joint venture. If a party is diluted to a 10% interest in the joint venture, its interest will be converted to a 10% net profits interest.

Austin also completed a \$500,000 private placement into the Company, consisting of 2,500,000 units at a price of \$0.20. Each unit consists of one common share in the capital of the Company (a "Common Share") and one-half of one Common Share purchase warrant (a "Warrant"), with each whole Warrant entitling the holder to acquire an additional Common Share at an exercise price of \$0.50 per Common Share for 30 months. If the closing price of the common shares of the Company quoted on the TSX Venture Exchange is greater than \$0.90 for 10 consecutive trading days, the Company may accelerate the expiry date of the Warrants to the 30th day after the date on which the Company gives notice to the Warrant holders of such acceleration. Proceeds from the private placement will be used for general working capital. The securities issued at closing of the private placement will be subject to a four month plus one day hold period expiring November 8, 2020.